



**Cambridge Assessment International Education**  
Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

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**COMPUTER SCIENCE**

**0478/21**

Paper 1

**May/June 2019**

MARK SCHEME

Maximum Mark: 50

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**Published**

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge International is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2019 series for most Cambridge IGCSE™, Cambridge International A and AS Level and Cambridge Pre-U components, and some Cambridge O Level components.

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This syllabus is regulated for use in England, Wales and Northern Ireland as a Cambridge International Level 1/Level 2 Certificate.

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This document consists of **9** printed pages.

**Generic Marking Principles**

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptors for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

**GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:**

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

**GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:**

Marks awarded are always **whole marks** (not half marks, or other fractions).

**GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:**

Marks must be awarded **positively**:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme, referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do
- marks are not deducted for errors
- marks are not deducted for omissions
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

**GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:**

Rules must be applied consistently e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

**GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:**

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

**GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:**

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

Question	Answer	Marks
1(a)(i)	<p>Many correct answers, the name must be meaningful. Must relate to <b>Task 1</b> 1 mark per bullet point</p> <p>e.g.1</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Array                      BusA</li> <li>• Data type                 integer</li> <li>• Purpose                    storing the minutes late</li> </ul> <p>e.g.2</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Array                      Day</li> <li>• Data type                 string</li> <li>• Purpose                    storing the code for the day of the week</li> </ul>	<b>3</b>
1(a)(ii)	<p>Many correct answers, the name must be meaningful. Names shown are examples only. 1 mark per bullet point</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Task 2 variable name    BusAMinsLate</li> <li>• Data type                 real</li> <li>• Purpose                    used in calculation of average minutes late</li> <li>• Task 3 variable name    SearchDay</li> <li>• Data type                 string</li> <li>• Purpose                    to input the day to be searched for</li> </ul>	<b>6</b>
1(b)	<p>1 mark for each point:</p> <p>MP1    Conditional statement to identify when a bus is late (punctuality &lt; 0)</p> <p>MP2    Count the number of late days for at least one bus route</p> <p>MP3    Total the late minutes for at least one bus route</p> <p>MP4    Calculation of average minutes late</p> <p>1 mark for each point (max <b>three</b> points):</p> <p>MP5    Initialisation of counting/totalling variables</p> <p>MP6    Iteration through days</p> <p>MP7    Checking all buses...</p> <p>MP8    Count late days and total minutes for all bus routes</p> <p>MP9    Output of number of late arrivals or average minutes late for at least one bus route...</p> <p>MP10   Output complete with all bus routes with late arrivals and average minutes late, with appropriate messages</p> <p><b>Example algorithm on next page</b></p>	<b>6</b>

Question	Answer	Marks
1(b)	<pre> Example algorithm CountA ← 0; CountB ← 0; CountC ← 0; CountD ← 0; CountE ← 0; CountF ← 0 TotalA ← 0; TotalB ← 0; TotalC ← 0; TotalD ← 0; TotalE ← 0; TotalF ← 0 FOR Days ← 0 to 19   IF BusA[Days] &lt; 0     THEN       CountA ← CountA + 1       TotalA ← TotalA + BusA[Days]     ENDIF   IF BusB[Days] &lt; 0     THEN       CountB ← CountB + 1       TotalB ← TotalB + BusBA[Days]     ENDIF   IF BusC[Days] &lt; 0     THEN       CountC ← CountC + 1       TotalC ← TotalC + BusC[Days]     ENDIF   IF BusD[Days] &lt; 0     THEN       CountD ← CountD + 1       TotalD ← TotalD + BusD[Days]     ENDIF   IF BusE[Days] &lt; 0     THEN       CountE ← CountE + 1       TotalE ← TotalE + BusE[Days]     ENDIF   IF BusF[Days] &lt; 0     THEN       CountF ← CountF + 1       TotalF ← TotalF + BusF[Days]     ENDIF NEXT PRINT "The number of late days for each bus route are: Bus A "CountA", Bus B "CountB", Bus C "CountC", Bus D ", CountD", Bus E ", CountE", Bus F "CountF PRINT "The average number of minutes late for each route are: Bus A "TotalA/20", Bus B "TotalB/20", Bus C "TotalC/20", Bus D ", TotalD/20", Bus E ", TotalE/20", Bus F "TotalF/20 </pre>	

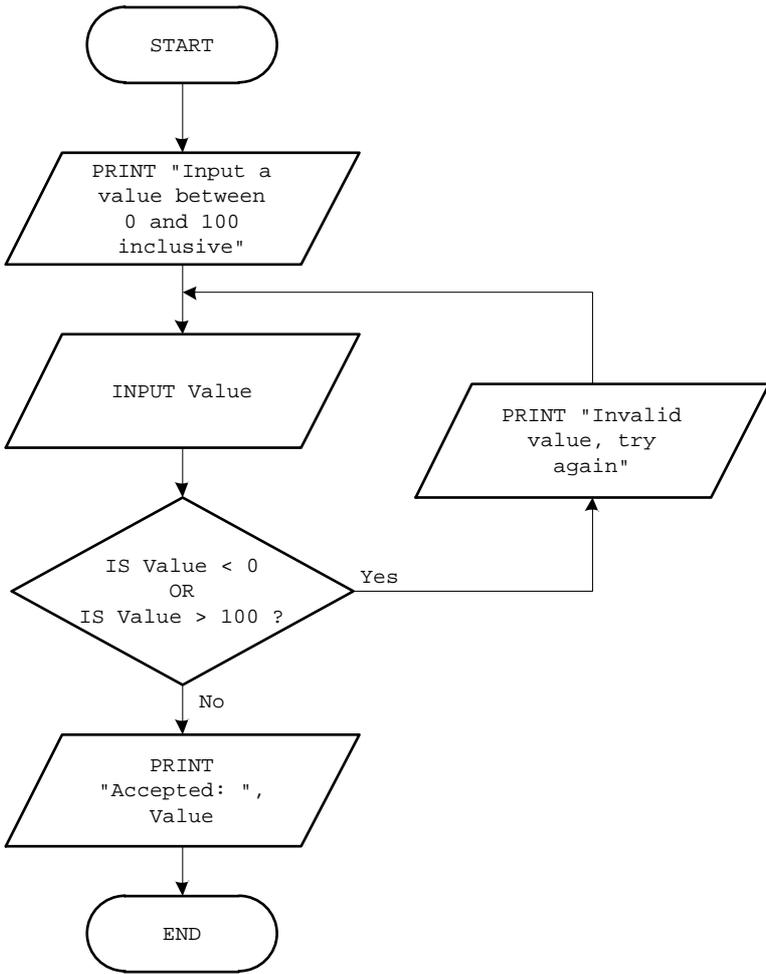
Question	Answer	Marks
1(c)	<p>Explanation of how the candidate's program performed the following:</p> <p><b>Three</b> from:</p> <p>MP1 The input stored as a variable</p> <p>MP2 The method used to find the position of the day in the Day array that matches the input</p> <p>MP3 The array index is stored as a variable</p> <p>MP4 The index variable used as the array index for each bus array</p> <p>MP5 ...and the contents of each array stored/output.</p>	3
1(d)	<p><b>Two</b> from:</p> <p>MP1 Add a user input and prompt to enter the number of <b>weeks</b> required to record data on arrival times</p> <p>MP2 Store the user input for number of weeks as a variable</p> <p>MP3 Calculation to change number of weeks to number of days</p> <p>MP4 Replace the upper limit of the loop with a variable</p> <p>MP5 Increase the maximum size of the arrays to accommodate a higher number of weeks</p>	2

Question	Answer	Marks
2	<p>Many possible answers, those given are examples only. 1 mark for each correct description and 1 mark for each correct example</p> <p><b>Char</b> Description: A single character (from the keyboard) Example: A / # / 2</p> <p><b>String</b> Description: An (ordered) sequence of characters Example: Hello world / #123?Y / 234 78963</p> <p><b>Boolean</b> Description: A data type with two possible values Example: TRUE / FALSE</p>	6

Question	Answer	Marks
3(a)	<p>Many possible answers, those given are examples only. 1 mark per bullet:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• IF</li> <li>• Condition and outcome</li> </ul> <p>Example answer: IF X &lt; 0   THEN     PRINT "Negative"   ELSE     PRINT "Not negative" ENDIF</p> <p>OR</p> <p>1 mark per bullet:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CASE</li> <li>• Condition and outcome</li> </ul> <p>Example answer: CASE X OF   1: PRINT ("ONE")   2: PRINT ("TWO")   OTHERWISE PRINT ("Less than ONE or more than TWO") ENDCASE</p>	2
3(b)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• To allow different routes through a program</li> <li>• dependent on meeting certain criteria</li> </ul>	2

Question	Answer	Marks
4(a)	Range check	1
4(b)	<p><b>Two</b> from:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The entered number (Value) is being checked to see that it is not &lt; 0 or not &gt; 100</li> <li>• If it is, it is rejected and the user has to enter another number / an error message is displayed</li> <li>• Otherwise the number is accepted, the word 'Accepted' is output along with the Value</li> </ul>	2

Question	Answer		Marks
4(c)	<b>Value</b>	<b>OUTPUT</b>	<b>3</b>
		Input a value between 0 and 100 inclusive	
	200	Invalid value, try again	
	300	Invalid value, try again	
	-1	Invalid value, try again	
	50	Accepted: 50	
1 mark – Value column 1 mark – OUTPUT column first line 1 mark – OUTPUT column lines two to five			

Question	Answer	Marks
4(d)	 <pre> graph TD     Start([START]) --&gt; Print1[/PRINT "Input a value between 0 and 100 inclusive"/]     Print1 --&gt; Input[/INPUT Value/]     Input --&gt; Decision{IS Value &lt; 0 OR IS Value &gt; 100 ?}     Decision -- Yes --&gt; Print2[/PRINT "Invalid value, try again"/]     Print2 --&gt; Input     Decision -- No --&gt; Print3[/PRINT "Accepted: ", Value/]     Print3 --&gt; End([END])   </pre> <p>1 mark – Input prompt and input value  1 mark – Correct decision box labelled sufficiently (Yes/No) – allow 2 decision boxes  1 mark – Remaining outputs correct  1 mark – All connecting lines and arrows to be complete and correct  1 mark – Standard flowchart symbols used</p>	5

Question	Answer	Marks																																										
5(a)	Each data value is unique	1																																										
5(b)	10 records	1																																										
5(c)	<table border="0" style="width: 100%;"> <tr> <td style="width: 33%;">Bev07</td> <td style="width: 33%;">Lemonade</td> <td style="width: 33%;"></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Bev01</td> <td>Cola</td> <td></td> </tr> </table> <p>1 mark for each correct content                      1 mark for each correct format                      1 mark for correct order</p>	Bev07	Lemonade		Bev01	Cola		3																																				
Bev07	Lemonade																																											
Bev01	Cola																																											
5(d)	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 15%;">Field:</td> <td style="width: 20%;">BevNo</td> <td style="width: 20%;">BevName</td> <td style="width: 15%;">Calories</td> <td style="width: 10%;"></td> <td style="width: 10%;"></td> <td style="width: 10%;"></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Table:</td> <td>BEVERAGES</td> <td>BEVERAGES</td> <td>BEVERAGES</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Sort:</td> <td></td> <td>Ascending</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Show:</td> <td style="text-align: center;"><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></td> <td style="text-align: center;"><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></td> <td style="text-align: center;"><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td style="text-align: center;"><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td style="text-align: center;"><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td style="text-align: center;"><input type="checkbox"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Criteria:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: center;">&gt;45</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>or:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </table> <p>1 mark for correct Field row                      1 mark for Table and Sort rows                      1 mark for correct Show row                      1 mark for correct Criteria rows</p>	Field:	BevNo	BevName	Calories				Table:	BEVERAGES	BEVERAGES	BEVERAGES				Sort:		Ascending					Show:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Criteria:			>45				or:							4
Field:	BevNo	BevName	Calories																																									
Table:	BEVERAGES	BEVERAGES	BEVERAGES																																									
Sort:		Ascending																																										
Show:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>																																						
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